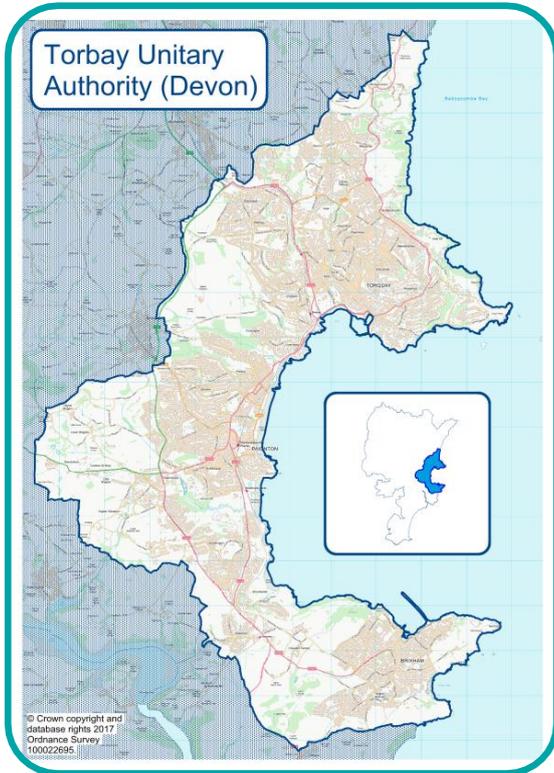


The purpose of this profile is to give an overview of the needs of the 65+ years population of Torbay. This is to provide a local summary of key statistics to help understand the population and improve outcomes.

For profiles of other local geographies and/or age groups please visit: www.southdevonandtorbay.info.



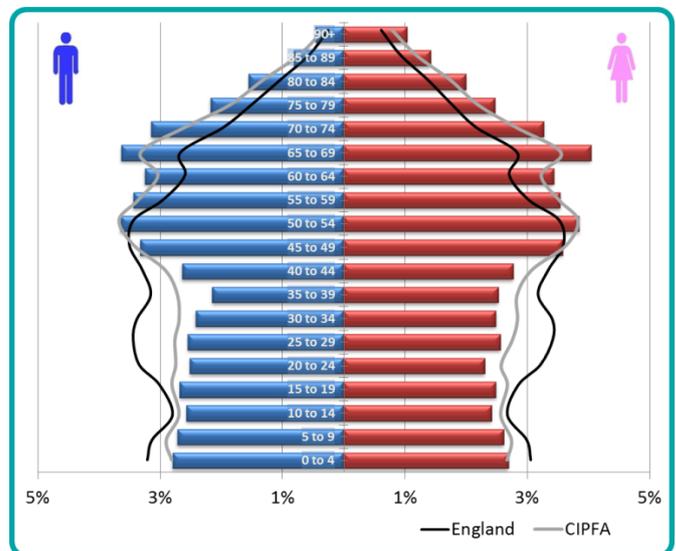
Headlines* (people aged 65+ years compared to England and CIPFA nearest neighbours):

- Torbay has a high proportion of dependents (65+yrs) compared to those of working age;
- More people pass away in their own homes;
- Significantly more are claiming attendance allowance for physical or mental disability;
- There are significantly more unpaid carers;
- Less people are still at home 91 days after discharge from hospital (this is a negative);
- There are less permanent admissions to nursing or residential care;
- There is a higher prevalence of stroke;
- Torbay vaccination coverage for flu is worse;
- Admissions for chronic conditions that could be treated in the community are lower.

*For more info see the spine chart on page 2.

In 2016 there were around 34,850 (26%) people aged 65 years and over living in Torbay. Compared to England, Torbay has an older population profile as shown in Figure 1.

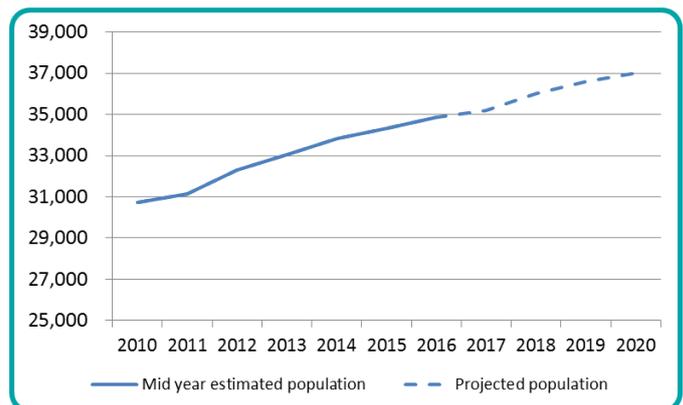
Fig 1: Population distribution of Torbay



Source: ONS mid-year population estimates 2016

The population aged 65 years and over has increased year on year and is projected to continue to do so as shown in Figure 2.

Fig 2: Population trend over time



Source: ONS mid-year estimates 2010-16; SNPP 2014-based (2017-20)

How to read the profile below: The black line running down the middle of the spine chart is the England average, the circles (to the left or right) are the Torbay value, compared to the England average. The pink diamonds represent the CIPFA nearest neighbour's average. The colours are explained in the key below.

ID	Indicator	Measure	Torbay	CIPFA	England	England	England
Demography							
1	Age related dependency (2015)	Ratio	43.8	36.1	27.5	8	59.9
2	Male life expectancy at 65 years (2013-15)	Years	18.6	18.5	18.7	15.8	21.4
3	Female life expectancy at 65 years (2013-15)	Years	21.0	20.9	21.1	18.8	23.9
4	Male excess winter deaths (2013-16)	Ratio	34.4	29.4	26.5	-7.1	61.1
5	Female excess winter deaths (2013-16)	Ratio	30.0	32.6	29.2	9.1	54.1
6	Deaths in usual place of residence (2014-16)	%	54.4	49.9	46.6	24.1	68.8
7	Persons living alone (2011)	%	31.4	31.5	31.5	25.9	50.8
Wider determinants							
8	Living in most income deprived areas (2015)	%	16.0	12.5	14.1	0	93.4
9	Claiming pension credit (2014-16)	%	16.9	14.5	13.9	5.2	34.2
10	Claiming attendance allowance (2014-16)	Rate	146.6	131.5	129.7	78.7	192.8
11	CAB debt queries (14/15-16/17)	Rate	8.5	-	-	0	0
Social care and support							
12	Unpaid carers (2011)	%	15.9	14.6	14.3	10.2	16.5
13	Bad health with a long-term health problem/disability (2011)	%	12.2	12.5	12.4	6.5	23.8
14	Requests for adult social care support (14/15-16/17)	Rate	12,401.7	15,055.0	13,489.7	3,056.8	78,677.5
15	Long-term support for learning disability (14/15-16/17)	Rate	182.9	155.0	164.5	0	1,029.2
16	Long-term support for physical personal care (14/15-16/17)	Rate	3,552.4	3,555.0	3,803.6	484.7	9,102.2
17	Long-term support for mental health (14/15-16/17)	Rate	473.5	425.0	404.1	32.9	2,832.8
18	Long-term support for social isolation/other (14/15-16/17)	Rate	155.2	45.0	115.6	0	800.2
19	Still at home 91 days after discharge to reablement/rehabilitation services (14/15-16/17)	%	76.5	85.8	82.7	50	100
20	Permanent admissions to nursing/residential homes (14/15-16/17)	Rate	546.6	719.0	628.2	188.4	1,256.2
Health and service usage							
21	Prevalence of dementia (2015)	%	6.6	6.4	6.3	0	0
22	Prevalence of stroke (2015)	%	2.7	2.6	2.0	1.3	3.4
23	Flu vaccination coverage (14/15-16/17)	%	66.7	71.2	71.4	48.6	78.1
24	Admissions due to falls (14/15-16/17)	Rate	2,197.1	2,168.7	2,175.6	1,236.8	3,425.7
25	Urgent care attendances (14/15-16/17)	DSR	39,857.6	41,412.3	42,206.2	0	0
26	Emergency non-elective admissions (14/15-16/17)	DSR	23,082.9	24,236.3	25,106.2	0	0
27	Emergency admissions for ACS conditions (14/15-16/17)	DSR	1,846.7	2,004.3	2,007.2	0	0
28	Elective admissions (14/15-16/17)	DSR	35,162.3	45,586.8	43,999.7	0	0
29	Delayed transfers of care (14/15-16/17)	Rate	5.6	0.0	0.0	0	29.4
30	Ambulance 'see and convey' to hospital (14/15-16/17)	DSR	23,473.1	-	-	0	0

● Sig worse
 ● Sig better
 ● Not sig diff
 ● Sig higher
 ● Sig lower
 ● Sig not calculated
 |
 England Average
 ◆ CIPFA
 Q0 to Q1
 Q1 to Q3
 Q3 to Q4

Indicator notes:

- % of dependents (65+yrs) per working population (15-64yrs) [ONS]
- Years of male life expectancy aged 65yrs+ [PCMD; ONS; PHE]
- Years of female life expectancy aged 65yrs+ [PCMD; ONS; PHE]
- Ratio of extra male deaths (65+) in winter months compared with the expected number of deaths (average non-winter deaths) expressed as % [PCMD; PHE]
- As indicator above for females. [PCMD; PHE]
- % of deaths in usual place of residence [PCMD; PHE]
- % of persons living alone 65+yrs [CENSUS]
- % of 60+yrs living in areas amongst 20% most income deprived (affecting older people 60+) in England [DCLG]
- % 60+yrs claiming Pension Credits [DWP; ONS]
- % 65+yrs claiming Attendance Allowance (in payment) [DWP; ONS]
- Rate of CAB debt queries per 1,000 65yrs+ pop [Torbay CAB; ONS]
- % of unpaid carers (care 1+hrs per week) under 65+ years [CENSUS]
- % 65+yrs with bad health and a long-term health problem/disability [CENSUS]
- Rate of requests for Adult Social Care (ASC) support for new clients aged 65+yrs per 100,000 population aged 65+yrs [TSDNHSFT; NHS Digital]
- Rate of ASC long-term support for learning disability aged 65+yrs per 100,000 population aged 65+yrs [TSDNHSFT; NHS Digital]
- As indicator above for physical personal care [TSDNHSFT; NHS Digital]
- As indicator above for mental health [TSDNHSFT; NHS Digital]
- As indicator above for social isolation/other [TSDNHSFT; NHS Digital]
- % 65+yrs still at home 91 days after discharge to reablement/rehabilitation services [TSDNHSFT; ASCOF- PHE]
- Rate of permanent admissions to residential and nursing care homes per 100,000 population aged 65+yrs [TSDNHSFT; ASCOF- PHE]
- % modelled prevalence (local) of dementia 65+yrs [Matthews et al, 2013; ONS]
- % modelled prevalence (local) of stroke all ages [BHF 2014; ONS]
- % flu vaccination coverage aged 65yrs+ [PHE]
- Directly age standardised rate (DSR) of emergency admissions for injuries due to falls per 100,000 65yrs+ [HES- NHSDigital, PHE]
- DSR ED & MIU attendances per 100,000 65yrs+ population [HES- NHSD; ONS]
- DSR of emergency admissions per 100,000 65yrs+ pop [HES- NHSDigital; ONS]
- DSR of emergency admissions for ACS conditions per 100,000 65yrs+ [HES-; ONS]
- DSR of elective admissions per 100,000 65yrs+ population [HES- NHSD; ONS]
- Rate of delayed transfers of care aged 18+yrs [ASCOF- PHE]
- DSR of ambulance call outs taken to hospital per 100,000 65yrs+[SWAST; ONS]